

Public Relations and Marketing Workshop for Centers for Independent Living

Web-Based & Social Media Marketing

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2:45 P.M. – 4:15 P.M.

Presenter:

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Overview

- The 411 on Social Media
- Tools You Can Use
 - What is it?
 - What is it good for?
 - Do's and Don'ts
- On the Horizon. . .

What Do We Mean by "Social Media?"

Ways for people to create and share information and/or interact with one another online.

- Social networks (e.g. Facebook, LinkedIn, Twitter)
- Multimedia sharing tools (e.g. YouTube, Slideshare, Pinterest, Instagram)
- Blogs (Blogger, Wordpress)
- Google Tools (Docs, Hangouts, Calendars, etc.)
- E-Mail Marketing Tools (Mailchimp, Constant Contact)



Social Media Value Proposition

Think carefully about how you can add add value by:

Creating community

- Connect people and groups
- Foster sense of shared values and purpose
- Facilitate conversations

Curating content

- Find and share the best, most relevant content
- Put information into context for your audience
- Use content to frame issues/discussion



More Social Media Value Propositions

- Creating and sharing original content
 - Make sure no one else is doing it better! If they are, then share and promote that, adding your own twist.
 - Make it relevant and unique
 - Tie it to audience needs/wants—engage the audience emotionally
 - Use format that is most engaging for the target audience
 - Integrate call to action—what next?

Key Points

- Social media is a TOOL for achieving your goals, not an end in itself.
- Social media is a tool for getting things done integrate appropriately.
- Use strategically—where/how can you best engage your target audience(s)?
- Free as in "free kittens," not "free beer"
- Think "instead of" rather than "and"
- Remember mobile!

Social Media and Organizational Culture

Social media forces organizations to address issues:

- How open are we? What are we willing to share?
- How controlling are we? How much power are we willing to relinquish?
- How well do we listen?
- How authentic are we willing to be?
- How responsive are we?
- How willing are we to embrace risk, uncertainty and failure?

As we look at the tools...

- Is our intended audience here?
- What does our intended audience expect here?
- What do we want to accomplish with this tool?
- How could we <u>add value</u> here?
- What do we currently have that would work well here?
- What could we create?
- How might this change how we do our work?

Social Networks

- Facebook, LinkedIn, Twitter
- Each network has a culture of engagement
- Each network has specific conventions (e.g. hashtags on Twitter, status updates on Facebook)
- Conversations and interactions already occurring
 - Where can you join in?
 - Where do you need to start something?
- Broad and Diverse vs. Tight and Targeted—what do you need when?

Facebook Basics

- Personal and professional
- Profiles vs. Pages
- Groups
- Newsfeed
- Interactions
 - Status updates
 - Links & uploads
 - Liking, commenting & sharing

Works Best For. . .

- Generating conversations
- Sharing information/resources with people who are there
- Sharing multimedia content
- Encouraging/building community (mostly through Groups)



Facebook Fan Pages

- For organizations, individual causes, etc.
- It's all about the "Like"!
 - Gets your info in their newsfeed
 - Lets you access Insights
- Share information, resources, links
- Post Events
- Ask questions
- Respond to Fan questions, comments
- Post polls, surveys

Fan Page Insights

- Page Likes—number and trends
- Reach
 - Number who saw your posts
 - Number of Likes, Comments and Shares
- When your fans are online (tells you best times to post)
- Types of posts they most respond to
- How engaged they are (Likes, comments, shares)
- Referrers—where are they coming from?
- Age, gender, geography of your fans

Using Fan Pages

- Consider multiple Fan Pages depending on audience/purpose
- Be clear about the purpose of your Page and post to achieve that purpose.
- Respond!
- Use Insights to plan your strategy
 - Track types of posts that engage people and do more of those
 - Post when your audience is most likely to be online
 - Consider demographics—how might these impact what you post?



Facebook Groups

- Public or Private
- Direct add to the Group or invite via email
- Easily create Polls ("Ask a Question" tab)
- Upload Documents ("Add File" tab)
- Can "Pin" posts to the top (e.g. community guidelines, important info)
- Use in conjunction with Pages

Some Final Thoughts on Facebook

- Have fun and show a personality—don't be too serious!
- Post on things that are useful/interesting to your audience, even if not directly related to your cause.
- Depending on audience, use lots of video and graphics.
- Know your memes (www.knowyourmeme.com)

LinkedIn Basics

- Professional networking and individual/company research
- Profiles
- Company Pages
- Connections
 - 1st, 2nd, 3rd
 - Contact management
- Endorsements & Recommendations
- Newsfeed
- LinkedIn Groups



Works Best For. . .

- Building your network
- Visualizing and leveraging your network
 - Who do I know at that target organization?
 - Who do I know who knows someone I want to know?
- Managing your network
 - Email targeted groups or entire network
 - "Start your day by staying in touch with contacts"
 - Take notes on conversations
 - Create reminders for follow-up

LinkedIn Connections

- Make your network broad and diverse!
- Have a regular schedule for outreach and the "care and feeding" of your network
- Look at contacts of new connections
 - Who could you reach out to?
 - Can you get an introduction?
- Regularly review "People You May Know"
- Pay it Forward
 - Endorsements
 - Recommendations
 - Info/Resource sharing



LinkedIn Company Pages

- For companies and organizations
- Profile, Products and Services
- Updates
- "How You're Connected"—Shows who works there
- Followers (for updates, employee changes)

Using Company Pages

- Your Page
 - Set it up
 - Post updates, events, etc.
- Research Others

LinkedIn Groups

- Join others or create your own
- Discussion threads
- Likes and commenting
- Polls
- "Manager's Choice"
- "Most Popular Discussions"

Final Thoughts on LinkedIn

- Best for strategic networking
- Use it to easily reach out and maintain connections.
- Accept requests to connect.
- Make thoughtful requests to connect (research and personalize!)
- The right Groups can be good source of info and resources.

Twitter Basics

- @Profile—individual vs. organizational
- 140 Character "Tweets"—public messages
- Feed—messages of all the people you are following
- Followers—People who get your tweets in their feed
- Following—People you follow so their tweets show up in your feed
- Hashtags—way to organize conversations cross users, e.g. #accessibility
- Direct messages (DMs)
- RTs and MTs



Twitter is good for. . .

- Finding/sharing breaking news/information
- Sharing links (use Bit.ly to shorten)
- Quotes and quick thoughts
- Calls to Action
- Hashtag chats—stand-alone or supplementing events



Following

- Find good people/organizations to follow
- Interact with them by sending an @message— "@michelemmartin, love your blog!"
- Follow back
- Monitor your feed (where you will get their messages) and look for info to share



Followers

- Outreach
 - Cross-promote off-line and through other channels
 - Follow to be followed
 - Send @messages
- Thank them for following you
- Tweet and RT info/resources that are useful to your followers.
- RT messages from followers
- Respond to follower's tweets— "Congratulations" or "Great news!"

Hashtags

- Anything can be a hashtag—often used as commentary on a tweet. (e.g. "Working on several things at once! #NotEnoughHoursInTheDay!")
- Structured vs. Spontaneous
- Look for the hashtag trends
- Participate in or start hashtag chats
- Can search for tweets by hashtag to see the conversation
- Can aggregate tweets by hashtag to post transcript of tweets.

Using Twitter

- You are drinking from a fire hose!
- Use a 3rd party management tool like HootSuite or TweetDeck.
- Use combo of scheduled tweets and responding to live tweets to engage.
- Combine with other channels/messaging
- Conversation works best—don't just broadcast.
- Have a personality!

YouTube Basics

- Upload and find videos
- Create your own YouTube Channel
- Create Playlists—your own videos or videos you recommend
- Share and embed in other platforms.
- Commenting & Liking
- Integrated with Hangouts on Air

YouTube Channel

- Use to upload your own videos, get code to embed in other sites.
- Create playlists of videos that you can group by theme.
- People can subscribe to your channel.
- Customize with logo
- Manage comments
- Some editing of video
- Manage privacy settings (public vs. people with link)

Using YouTube

- Make and upload video that will resonate with audience.
 - Emotional connection
 - Tied to "memes" (Call Me, Maybe)
 - Educate, but in a fun/interesting way
 - Music!
- Share across all channels
- Look for and share videos from other users
- Monitor/manage comments
- Accessible YouTube

YouTube and Hangouts on Air

- Hangouts on Air—broadcast live through your YouTube channel!
- Video-conferencing with up to 10 devices
- Automatically records and uploads to your YouTube channel
- No time limit for videos recorded through Hangouts on Air.
- Interact through YouTube contacts
- Great for broadcasting meetings, events, educational content, etc.



Blog Basics

- Online publishing platform
- Posts—most recent info first
- Pages—more control over where it appears
- Comments
- Wordpress.org vs. Wordpress.com vs. Blogger

Blogs are good for. . .

- Sharing time-sensitive information
- Publishing longer articles
- Curating content—bringing together the best content related to a topic and putting it in context.



Using a Blog

Content

- Combo of original content and links/resources from others
- Use multimedia where appropriate
- Guest Posts and Blog Carnivals
- Try themes

Management

- Commit to a schedule
- Write and schedule posts
- Monitor/respond to comments

Other Tools

- Instagram
- Pinterest
- Google Hangouts
- Slideshare
- Google Drive



Putting it All Together

- Website—for static info
- Blog—for timely info, longer posts
- Facebook—to build community, drive advocacy and share relevant content
- Twitter—to connect with others and find good info, to build community and drive advocacy
- LinkedIn—to network strategically
- YouTube—to share video and broadcast live through Hangouts on Air
- Email—use to supplement social media, drive people to social media channels



Cross Promoting Social Media

- Promote social media channels in off-line materials
- Use each platform to drive traffic to other platforms
 - Facebook, Twitter links in your Email campaigns
 - Tweet "Like us on Facebook"
 - Remind on Facebook to follow you on Twitter
 - Include links to social media on blog
 - Links to social media in email signatures

Final Thoughts

- Stay in perpetual beta—Experiment!
- Let social media replace old ways of working
- Learn the analytics for each tool—what can you track and what does it tell you? How can you use this information to improve?

Final Questions to Ponder . . .

- Where is your audience?
- How can you join existing conversations?
- How can you add the value your audience is looking for?
- How is social media going to help you achieve your objectives?
- What is your capacity to handle social media?
- What can you build on that exists already?

A Note About Accessibility

- Accessibility of technology varies and fluctuates.
- To stay abreast of current state of the art:
 http://webaim.org a program of Utah State University
 Center for Persons with Disabilities



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