

IL-NET

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Strategic Partnerships & Relationships with Other Disability Organizations

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Presenters:

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Who Are Partners?

- SILC Composition (Rehab Act Sec. 705(b)(2))
 - Network of Centers Representative
 - DSU Representative (ex-officio)
 - Other state agencies serving people with disabilities (ex-officio)
 - Sec. 121 Project Representative
- How should SILC work with them
 - In meetings?
 - Beyond meetings?
 - Meet with state agencies
 - Explore common ground for outreach/other goals

Who Are Partners?, cont'd.

- SILC Duties (Rehab Act Sec. 705(c)(3))
 - Coordinate Activities with
 - State Rehab Council
 - Other federal disability councils
 - Developmental Disabilities
 - Mental Health Planning and Advisory
 - Assistive Technology
 - Others
 - How does SILC communicate & coordinate activities?

Who Are Partners?, cont'd. 2

- Rehabilitation Council and State Rehab Plan
 - Statewide Assessment of the Rehabilitation Needs of Individuals with Disabilities
 - How does SRC address rehabilitation needs
 - Staffing
 - How does DSU support the work of the council?
- Assistive Technology
 - How does state AT project work with IL Centers?

Who Are Partners?, cont'd. 3

- DD Council
 - Five-year plan
 - Input on each other's plan
 - Work together on common goals
 - Advocacy
 - Work together on consumer empowerment and advocacy
- MH Planning and Advisory Council
 - Annual/3-year plan
 - Advocacy

Who Are Partners?, cont'd. 4

- SPIL Requirements (Rehab Act. Secs. 704 & 705(c))
- [S]teps that will be taken to maximize the cooperation, coordination, and working relationships among— [34 CFR 364.26 (a)]
 - (1) The SILS program, the SILC, and centers
 - coordination of funding for centers and IL services [Cf. 34 CFR 364.29] and state CIL funds [34 CFR 366.30(a)]; and
 - (2) The DSU, other State agencies represented on the SILC,
 - other councils that address the needs of specific disability populations and issues, and other public and private entities determined to be appropriate by the SILC.

Who Are Partners? cont'd. 5

- SPIL Requirements (Rehab Act. Secs. 704 & 705(c))
 - [H]ow IL services ... will be coordinated with, and complement, other services, to avoid unnecessary duplication with other Federal, State, and local programs, [34 CFR 364.27-.28] including
 - the OIB program authorized by chapter 2 of title VII of the Act

Who Are Partners? cont'd. 6

- SPIL Requirements
 - [H]ow IL services...will be coordinated ...
 - that provide IL- or VR-related services...provided by State and local agencies administering the
 - Special education and vocational education,
 - Developmental disabilities services,
 - Public health and mental health,
 - Housing and transportation,
 - Veterans' programs, and
 - The programs authorized under titles XVIII [Medicare, XIX MA] through XX [SS Block Grant] of the Social Security Act within the State.

Who Are Partners? cont'd. 7

- Working relationships with *other* public & private entities
- Organizations that can be critical partners for SILCs and the IL network to strengthen services and effect systems change.
 - Academic?
 - Business?
 - Foundation?
 - Protection & Advocacy System
 - Disability Advocacy Coalition?
 - Aging Community: AAAs, AARP, etc.

Questions & Answers

Why Have Partnerships?

- Define and identify who is in your IL Network in your State.
- Who is in your IL Network?
 - SILC
 - CILs
 - DSU
 - Association of Centers?
- When should we consider others as part of IL network?
 - To what extent do they support philosophy and mission?

Why Have Partnerships? cont'd.

- The importance of developing IL networks into strong, cohesive partnerships that serve as a springboard to shared goals
- What is success?
 - to know/learn what kinds of things are important to your partners for input to the SPIL
 - to know/learn what kinds of things are going on that could affect implementation of the SPIL
 - accomplish goals & objectives

Why Have Partnerships? cont'd. 2

- Key is shared goals
 - Centers can do resource development. CILs are designed to be governed by local consumers, identify needs in their region, provide services to consumers.
 - SILCs are designed to be a statewide organization, identify patterns of need broader than service areas.
 - SILCs and CILs working closely together should result in higher quality and consistency of IL services, and more accurate 704 reporting, meet more SPIL objectives.

Why Have Partnerships? cont'd. 3

- Shared Goals
 - Increased funding for services, Centers and CILs,
 - state funding,
 - more than Part B & C funds
 - better product (IL outcomes) makes it easier to get more funding.
 - SPIL implementation
 - advocacy
 - consumer service goals
 - quality of services
 - data collection

Why Have Partnerships? cont'd. 4

- Shared Goals
 - More effective Advocacy
 - Greater number of people.
 - Although SILCs have room within RSA restrictions it is helpful to have IL Network partners that have unrestricted funds to lobby.
 - More people with the unified voice = better advocacy outcomes
 - Share the work load
 - maximize limited resources
 - Council members are volunteers
 - Need to be strategic

Why Have Partnerships? cont'd. 5

- Shared Goals
 - Local, state and national partnerships
 - Carry message inside and outside IL Network

Questions & Answers

How to Partner

- What makes a partnership effective?
 - You are in partnerships whether you recognize it or not
 - They may be ineffective partnerships or effective.
- Focus on mutual goals
 - Partners provide more than you can do alone.
 - In most states CILs are responsible for achieving the outcomes of the majority of the SPIL objectives.

How to Partner, cont'd.

- SILCs and CILs come at it from different places and areas of responsibilities, but need to make it work.
 - Have to maintain relationships on an ongoing basis
- Examples that worked
 - Have SILC meetings at CILs—get to know staff/Center, hold public hearings, save money
 - Provide joint trainings—NCIL, CANAR, in community
 - Retreat to identify major needs for SPIL
 - Work groups to develop those needs into goals, objectives, activities, etc.

How to Partner, cont'd. 2

- Examples that worked (cont'd)
 - IL Network Branding—joint brochures, website, share office, joint advocacy Committees
 - Have at least 2 co-events per year: IL Days and joint meeting between ILC network and council
 - Work cooperatively with State Rehab Council to explore ways VR might support IL Centers and IL Program
 - Work cooperatively with other Councils to support IL Centers and IL Program
 - Consumer conference

How to Partner, cont'd. 3

- Examples that didn't work
 - Unprepared representation on Council meetings, other with disability or public, private orgs
- DSU—what is their role & how is it communicated?
 - SILCs need ownership of the IL program, not the DSU
 - DSU has responsibilities other than IL program, Let the SILC coordinate IL.

How to Partner, cont'd. 4

- Effective practices
 - How can impact be supported despite a low level of staffing?
 - Cooperation with partners
 - How does SILC maintain role?
 - Communication
 - Council members as human power
- Ask
 - What can be improved?
 - How can we make incremental progress?

Other Partnerships

- Larger IL Community
 - NCIL
 - APRIL
 - ILRU
 - SILC Congress
- Why?
 - SILCs have high turnover
 - these partnerships can help assure that personnel have relationships and skills to do jobs
 - Provide a context for the work we do
 - help understand the environment in which SPIL will be implemented

Questions & Answers

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Wrap Up and Evaluation

Click the link below now to complete an evaluation of today's program found at:

<https://vovici.com/wsb.dll/s/12291g53aa2>

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